

Letter to the Editor: ^1H , ^{13}C and ^{15}N assignments for the *Archaeoglobus fulgidis* protein AF2095

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Biological context

Structural genomics is providing a means to determine the molecular and cellular function for the vast amount of proteins in the Human proteome that lack any explicit experimental information by characterizing the complete range of protein folds (Montelione, 2001). The Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium (NESG; www.nesg.org) is a pilot project funded by the National Institutes of Health Protein Structure Initiative, focusing on proteins from eukaryotic model organisms including humans. The thermophilic archaea *Archaeoglobus fulgidis* AF2095 protein is an example of a protein of unknown biological function targeted for structural analysis by NESG. AF2095 belongs to the Pfam family PF01981 – UPF0099, protein domain family of unknown function that has been found in yeast, archaeobacteria and eubacteria. AF2095 has been assigned to NESG Cluster ID:17431, a set of fourteen proteins with high (>~30%) sequence identity with human, *Drosophila*, *Caenorhabditis elegans*, *Arabidopsis*, yeast, archaeal and eubacterial origin (Liu, 2004). A total of fifty-six proteins are identified when the analysis is expanded to include all available genomes, where determining the NMR solution structure of AF2095 can be leveraged to infer 3D structural information for these proteins. Here we report the near complete ^1H , ^{15}N , and ^{13}C NMR assignments and secondary structure of AF2095. These data provide a basis for determining the solution structure of AF2095, for further investigation of the function of this protein and for providing representative

structural and functional information for the protein domain family that includes AF2095.

Methods and experiments

Uniformly ^{13}C , ^{15}N -enriched AF2095 (123 amino acids) was cloned, expressed and purified following standard protocols used in the NESG consortium. Briefly, the full length gene (YK95_ARCFU) from *Archaeoglobus fulgidis* was cloned into a pET21d (Novagen) derivative, yielding the plasmid pGR4-21. The resulting AF2095 open reading frame contains eight nonnative residues at the C-terminus (LEHHH-HHH) of the protein. *Escherichia coli* BL21 (DE3) pMGK cells, a rare codon enhanced strain, were transformed with pGR4-21, and cultured in MJ9 minimal medium (Jansson et al., 1996) containing $(^{15}\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ and $U\text{-}^{13}\text{C}$ -glucose as sole nitrogen and carbon sources. Initial growth was carried out at 37 °C until the OD₆₀₀ of the culture reached ~0.8 units. The incubation temperature was then decreased to 17 °C and protein expression was induced by the addition of IPTG (isopropyl- β -D-thiogalactopyranoside) at a final concentration of 1 mM. Following overnight incubation at 17 °C, the cells were harvested by centrifugation and lysed by sonication. $U\text{-}^{13}\text{C}$, ^{15}N AF2095 was purified in a two step protocol consisting of Ni-NTA affinity column (Qiagen) and gel filtration column (HiLoad 26/60 Superdex 75 pg, Amersham Biosciences) chromatography. The final yield of pure $U\text{-}^{13}\text{C}$, ^{15}N AF2095 (> 97% by SDS-PAGE; 13.5 KDa by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry) was approximately 68 mg/l. Samples of $U\text{-}^{13}\text{C}$, ^{15}N AF2095 for NMR spectroscopy were prepared at a protein concentration of 1.0 mM in 95% H₂O/5%

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